

Name:
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Class / Block:

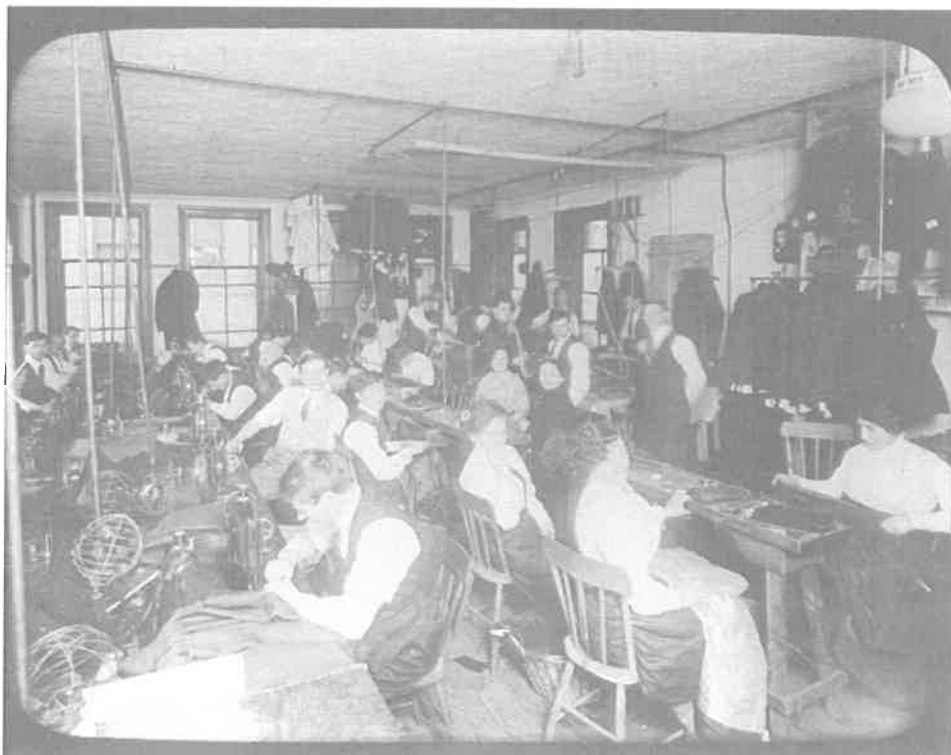
Image 1: Haymarket Square Riot. Poster (1886) | Historical Context: In May 4, 1886, a labor protest rally near Chicago's Haymarket Square turned into a riot after someone threw a bomb at police. The Haymarket Riot was viewed a setback for the organized labor movement in America, which was fighting for such rights as the eight-hour workday. Strikes by industrial workers were increasingly common in the United States in the 1880s, a time when working conditions often were dismal and dangerous, and wages were low; meanwhile industrialists like John D. Rockefeller were richer than any other men in American history.



Analysis Questions:

- 1) What do you see in this image?
- 2) The poster communicates using English on top, with a German translation on the bottom. What does this suggest to you about the workers in Chicago at this time?
- 3) Which theme of unit 5 (reform movements, economic systems or equality) do you think this image best aligns with? Why?

Image 2: Hand Sewing, Triangle Shirtwaist Factory (1910) | Historical Context: The 1900's saw a rise of textile and garment factories in New York City. In this image, hand sewing is done by men and women facing a narrow bench, while men operate sewing machines at a long row of paired work stations. Some unethical subcontractors took advantage of newly-arrived immigrants forcing them to work long hours for the right to keep their job. A standard 56-hour week might stretch to 70 hours without overtime pay.



Analysis Questions:

- 1) What is the most important part of this picture?
 - What makes you say that?

- 2) If you could talk to one of the people in this image, what would you say or ask?

- 3) Which theme of unit 5 (equality, economic systems, or reform movements) do you think this image represents? Why?

Image 3: NAACP Flag (1938) | Historical Context: Formed in 1909 as a biracial organization, the NAACP fought for equal rights for African Americans in a time of Jim Crow and racial violence. In conjunction with the anti-lynching campaign, in 1920, the NAACP began flying a flag from the windows of its headquarters at 69 Fifth Avenue when a lynching occurred. The words on the flag were “a man was lynched yesterday.”



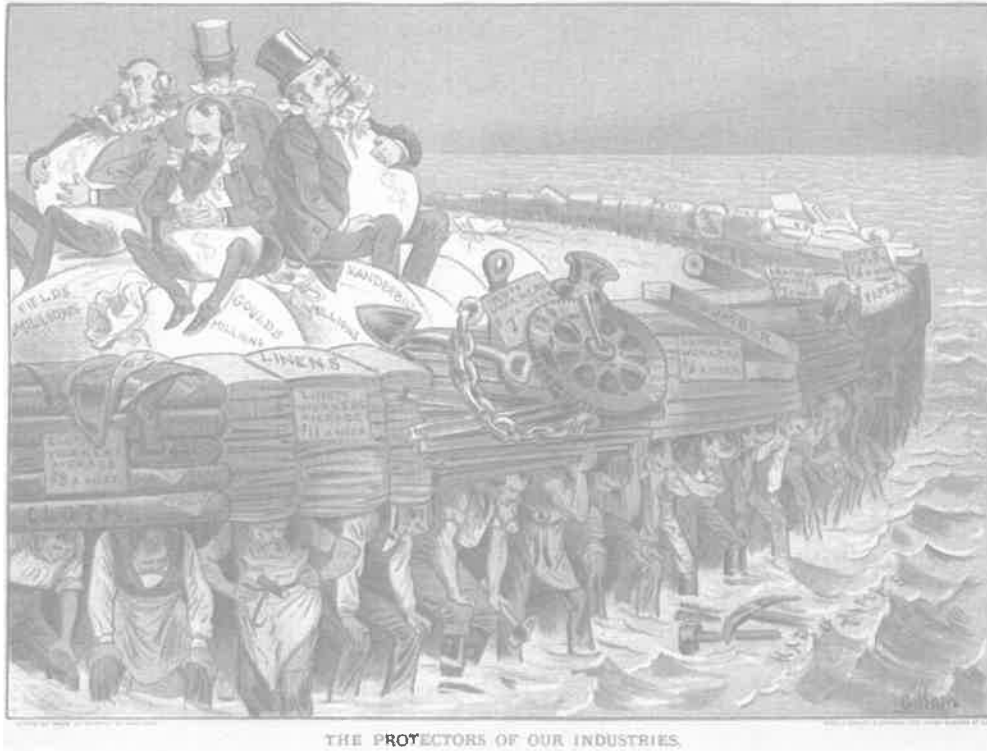
Analysis Questions:

- 1) What do you see?

- 2) How do you think people reacted to seeing this flag flying? Why do you think the NAACP chose to fly this flag?

- 3) Which theme of unit 5 (reform movements, economic systems, or equality) do you think this image represents? Why?

Image 4: The protectors of our industries (1883) | Historical Context: In the early 1900's, the rise of industrialization meant that industrialists such as Cyrus Field, Jay Gould, John D. Rockefeller, and Cornelius Vanderbilt were the richest men America had ever seen. By contrast, the workers who made these men rich were poorer than ever.



Analysis Questions:

- 1) What do you see in this image?

- 2) What is the most important part of this image?
 - Why do you think this is the most important part?

- 3) Which theme of unit 5 (reform movements, economic systems, or equality) do you think this image best aligns with? Why?

Image 5: Youngest Parader in the New York City Women's Rights Parade - 1912

Historical Context: When the US Constitution was written in the late 1700's, women were not granted the right to vote. Throughout the late 1800's and the early 1900's, women organized groups to protest for the right to vote. These organizations held protests, marches, and other events around the nation until women were granted the right to vote in 1919.



Analysis Questions:

- 1) What do you see?

- 2) What would you expect to hear if you were where this picture was taken?

- 3) Which theme of unit 5 (reform movements, economic systems, or equality) do you think this image represents? Why?

